

Back 2 Basics with Goo

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Goo

- Goals
- Examples
- Relation
- Definition
- State
- Future

Goo Hello World

(puts out "hello world")

Goo Goals

- Simple
- Productive
- Powerful
- Extensible
- Dynamic
- Efficient
- Real-time
- Teaching and research vehicle
- Electronic music is domain to keep it honest

Simplicity

- 10K lines 10 page manual
- Hard limit – pressure makes pearls

Best of All Worlds

- Want scripting and delivery language rolled into one
- Tools work better
- No artificial boundaries and cliffs
- Never been done effectively

- Electronic music forces realism

Goo Ancestors

- Language Design is Difficult
 - Leverage proven ideas
 - Make progress in selective directions
- Ancestors
 - Scheme
 - Cecil
 - Dylan

Goo \Leftrightarrow Scheme

- Concise naming
- Procedural macros
- Objects all the way
- Long-winded naming
- Rewrite rule only
- Only records

Goo \Leftrightarrow Cecil

- Prefix syntax
- Scheme inspired special forms
- Infix syntax
- Smalltalk inspired special forms

Goo \Leftrightarrow Dylan

- Prefix syntax
- Procedural macros
- Rationalized collection protocol / hierarchy
- Always open
- Predicate types
- Infix syntax
- Rewrite-rule only ...
- Conflated collection protocol / hierarchy
- Sealing
- Fixed set of types

Object Orientation

- Assume you know OO basics
- Motivations:
 - Abstraction
 - Reuse
 - Extensibility

Goo: OO & MM

```
(dc <point> (<any>))  
  (dp point-x (<point> => <int>) 0)  
  (dp point-y (<point> => <int>) 0)  
  
(dv p1 (new <point>))  
  
(dm + (p1|<point> p2|<point> => <point>)  
  (new <point>  
    point-x (+ (point-x p1) (point-x p2))  
    point-y (+ (point-y p1) (point-y p2))))
```

Language Design: User Goals -- The “ilities”

- Learnability
- Understandability
- Writability
- Modifiability
- Runnability
- Interoperability

Learnability

- Simple
- Small
- Regular
- Gentle learning curve

- Perlis: *“Symmetry is a complexity reducing concept...; seek it everywhere.”*

Goo: Learnability

- Simple and Small:
 - 18 special forms: `if`, `seq`, `set`, `fun`, `def`, `let`, `loc`, `esc`, `fin`, `dv`, `dm`, `dg`, `new`, `dc`, `dp`, `ds`, `ct`, `quote`
 - 7 macros: `try`, `rep`, `mif`, `and`, `or`, `cond`, `case`
- Gentle Learning Curve:
 - Graceful transition from functional to object-oriented programming
 - Perlis: “*Purely applicative languages are poorly applicable.*”

Goo: Special Forms

```
IF      (IF ,test ,then ,else)
SEQ     (SEQ ,@forms)
SET     (SET ,name ,form) | (SET ( ,name ,@args) ,form)
DEF     (DEF ,var ,init)
FUN     (FUN ,sig ,@body)
LOC     (LOC (( ,name ,sig ,@body) ...) .@body)
ESC     (ESC ,name ,@body)
FIN     (FIN ,protected-form ,@cleanup-forms)
DV      (DV ,var ,form)
DM      (DM ,name ,sig ,@body)
DG      (DG ,name ,sig)
DC      (DC ,name ( ,@parents))
DP      (DP ,getter ( ,class => ,type) [,init])
NEW     (NEW ( ,@parents) ,@prop-inits)

sig      ( ,@vars) | ( ,@vars => ,var)
var      ,name | ( ,name ,type)
prop-init ,name ,value
```


Understandability

- Natural notation
- Simple to predict behavior
- Modular
- Models application domain
- Concise

Goo: Understandability

- Describable by a small interpreter
 - Size of interpreter is a measure of complexity of language
- Regular syntax
 - Debatable whether prefix is natural, but it's simple, regular and easy to implement

Writability

- Expressive features and abstraction mechanisms
- Concise notation
- Domain-specific features and support
- No error-prone features
- Internal correctness checks (e.g., typechecking) to avoid errors

Goo: Error Proneness

- No out of language errors
 - At worst all errors will be caught in language at runtime
 - At best potential errors such as “no applicable methods” will be caught statically earlier and in batch
- Unbiased dispatching and inheritance
 - Example: Method selection not based on lexicographical order as in CLOS

Design Principle Two: Planned Serendipity

- Serendipity:
 - M-W: *the faculty or phenomenon of finding valuable or agreeable things not sought for*
- Orthogonality
 - Collection of few independent powerful features combinable without restriction
- Consistency

Goo: Serendipity

- Objects all the way down
- Slots accessed only through calls to generic's
- Simple orthogonal special forms
- Expression oriented
- Example:
 - Exception handling can be built out of a few special forms: `esc`, `fin`, `loc`, ...

Modifiability

- Minimal redundancy
- Hooks for extensibility included automatically
- Users equal partner in language design
- No features that make it hard to change code later

Goo: Extensible Syntax

- Syntactic Abstraction
- Procedural macros
- WSYWIG
 - Pattern matching
 - Code generation
- Example:

```
(ds (unless ,test ,@body)
    `(if (not ,test) (seq ,@body)))
```


Goo: Multimethods

- Can add methods outside original class definition:
 - `(dm jb-print (x|<node>) ...)`
 - `(dm jb-print (x|<str>) ...)`

Goo: Generic Accessors

- All slot access goes through generic function calls
- Can easily redefine these generic's without affecting client code

Runnability

- Features for programmers to control efficiency
- Analyzable by compilers and other tools

Goo: Optional Types

- All bindings and parameters can take optional types
- Rapid prototype without types
- Add types for documentation and efficiency
- Example:

```
(dm format (s msg args |...) ...)  
(dm format (s|<stream> msg|<str> args |...) ...)
```

Goo: Pay as You Go

- Don't charge for features not used
- Pay more for features used in more complicated ways
- Examples:
 - Dispatch
 - Just function call if method unambiguous from argument types
 - Otherwise require dynamic method lookup
 - Goo's bind-exit called "esc"
 - Local exits are set + goto
 - Non local exits must create a frame and stack alloc an exit closure

The Rub

- Support for evolutionary programming creates a serious challenge for implementers
- Straightforward implementations would exact a tremendous performance penalty

Implementation Strategy

- Simple dynamic compilation
- Maintains both
 - optimization and
 - interactivity

Initial Loose Compilation

- Very quick compilation
- Generate minimal dependencies
 - only names and macros

Dynamic Whole Program Compilation

- Assume complete information
- Perform aggressive type flow analysis
 - Chooses, clones and inlines methods
- Compilation can be triggered manually, through dependencies, or through feedback

Dependency Tracking

- Assumptions are tracked
- Changed assumptions trigger recompilation
- Based on Fun-O-Dylan approach
 - Dependencies logged on bindings
 - Record dependent and compilation stage

Simple Code Generator

- Focus is on high-level optimizations
- Potentially gen-code direct from AST with approximated peep-hole optimizations

Save Image

- Save executable copy of image to disk
 - Maintains optimizations and dependencies
 - Uses dump/undump approach of emacs
- Avoid hassles of
 - File formats
 - Databases
 - etc

Status

- Fully bootstrapped
- Module system
- Dynamic C-based code-gen
- Dependency tracking
- Flow-typist by summer's end

Research Directions

- **Language Design**
- Dynamic parameterized types
- Dynamic Interfaces
- Series
- Macros
- **Language Implementation**
- Dynamic compilation
- Analysis/optimizations
- Visualization
- Real-time